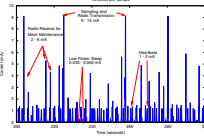


Wireless Sensor Networks and RFIDs

Robert Dick

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Wireless sensor networks

Introduction
 MEMMU: Memory expansion for MMU-less embedded systems
 Lucid dreaming: low-power sensing of unpredictable events

Wireless sensor networks

Self-organized wireless networks of sensors

- Extremely tight resource constraints
- Limited performance processor
 - Memory constraints, e.g., 10 KB
 - Energy constraints
 - Price limitations

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Wireless sensor networks

Introduction
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Original code

```
Variable: array A[N]
for i in {0...N} do
    A[i] ← x
end for
```

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Wireless sensor networks

Introduction
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Loop transformation

```
Variable: array A allocated by vm_malloc(N)
pnum ← A/PAGESIZE
for i in {A/PAGESIZE... (A+N)/PAGESIZE} do
    check_handle(pnum)
    for j in {0...PAGESIZE} do
        write_handle(A + i × PAGESIZE + j, x)
        pnum ++
    end for
end for
```

Wireless sensor networks

Collaborators

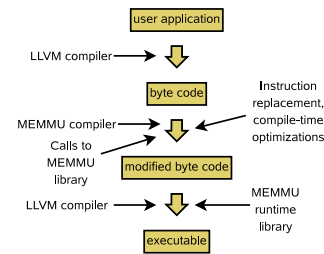
- Projects in close collaboration with
- Lan Bai
 - Peter Dinda
 - Charles Dowding
 - Sasha Jevtic
 - Mat Kotowsky
 - Lei Yang

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Wireless sensor networks

Introduction
 MEMMU: Memory expansion for MMU-less embedded systems
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Memory expansion for MMU-less embedded systems



- ### Observations and Results
- Application: Sensor networks
 - Implemented in LLVM, tested on TelosB nodes
 - Increases usable memory by 40%, unchanged applications
 - Little overhead after compiler optimizations
 - CASES'06

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Wireless sensor networks

Introduction
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Transformed w.o. optimization

```
Variable: array A allocated by vm_malloc(N)
for i in {0...N} do
    check_handle((A+i)/PAGESIZE)
    write_handle(A+i, x)
end for
```

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Wireless sensor networks

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With loop transformation and pointer dereferencing

```
Variable: array A allocated by vm_malloc(N)
pnum ← A/PAGESIZE
for i in {A/PAGESIZE... (A+N)/PAGESIZE} do
    check_handle(pnum)
    base_ptr ← virtual_to_physical(A + i × PAGESIZE)
    for j in {0...PAGESIZE} do
        *base_ptr ← x
        base_ptr ++
        pnum ++
    end for
end for
```

Experimental setup

TelosB wireless sensor node

TI MSP430, 10 KB RAM

Power measurement

National Instrument 6034E data
acquisition card

Metrics

- Memory expansion proportion
- Power consumption
- Execution time

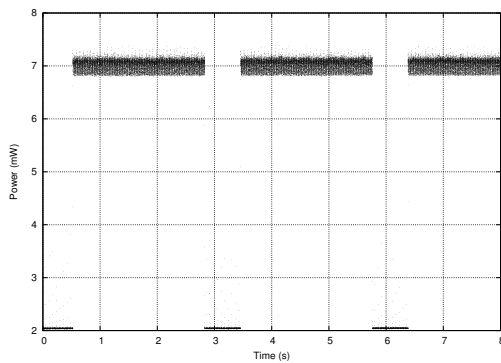


12

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With on-line software data compression



14

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Experimental results

- Increases usable memory by 40% on average with less than 10% overhead for all but one application
 - Pointer dereferencing optimization couldn't be used for image convolution
 - Performance overhead therefore high for that application
- Memory expansion will increase with increasing physical RAM
 - Will approach 100% given current compression ratio

16

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Application: Structural integrity monitoring

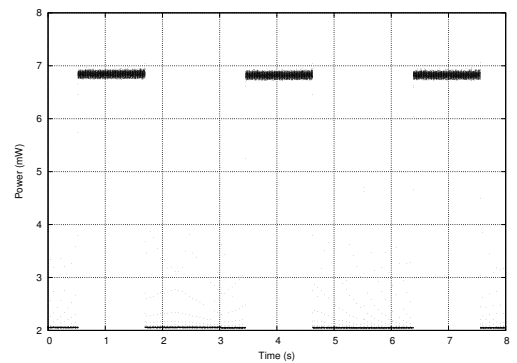
- Buildings and bridges have cracks
- Most not dangerous, but could become dangerous
- Widths change in response to vibration
- 300 μm common, 3 \times width of human hair

19

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Power measurements for convolution application

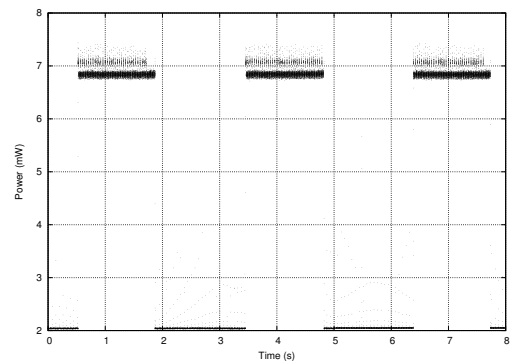


13

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After compiler optimizations



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Low-power event-driven applications

- Conventional sensor network operation: poll and sleep
- Many real applications must detect unpredictable events
- How?

Periodically awoken?

Misses events

Always remain awake?

Two days of battery life

Goal

Always awake but with ultra-low power consumption

18

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Detecting dangerous conditions

Inspectors monitor cracks to determine when dangerous

- Expensive
- Infrequent

Could use wireless sensor networks

- Inexpensive
- Constant

Problem: Event-driven application. Only a few days of battery life.

20

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Past structural integrity work

- N. Kurata, et al., "A study on building risk monitoring using wireless sensor network MICA mote," in *Proc. Int. Conf. on Structural Health Monitoring and Intelligent Infrastructure*, Nov. 2003, pp. 353–357
- J. P. Lynch, et al., "The design of a wireless sensing unit for structural health monitoring," in *Proc. Int. Wkshp. on Structural Health Monitoring*, Sept. 2001
- N. Xu, et al., "A wireless sensor network for structural monitoring," in *Proc. Conf. on Embedded and Networked Sensor Systems*, Nov. 2004

Short battery life. Two-day deployments and explosives.

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Board and large geophone



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System in case



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Power reduction

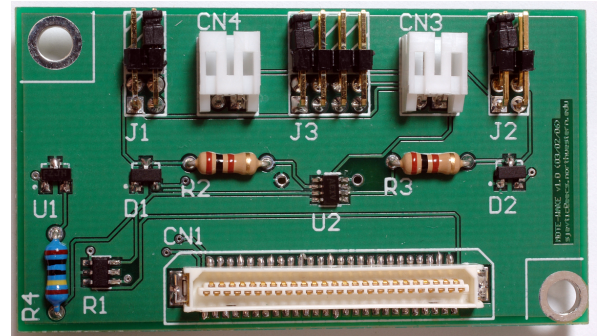
- Always on: 24 mW
- Lucid dreaming hardware: 16.5 μ W
- Best existing work: 2.64 mW
- Lucid dreaming in system: 121.8 μ W

27

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Circuit board

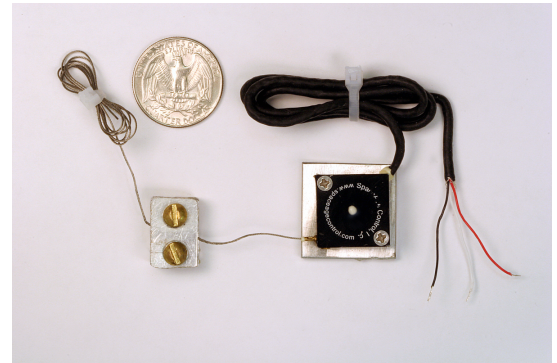


22

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Primary sensor

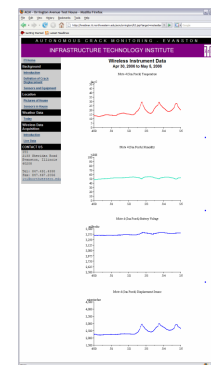


24

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Web interface screen shot



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Implications and status

Original situation

Missed events or battery replacement after a few days

Current status

- Battery life of months
- Many boards fabricated
- Deployed in multiple buildings already
- Public real-time web interface for data
 - <http://iti.birl.northwestern.edu/acm/>

28

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